

Panaji, 4th March, 2021 (Phalguna 13, 1942)

SERIES I No. 49

# OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT OF GOA GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

## NOTES

*There is an Extraordinary issue to the Official Gazette, Series I No. 48 dated 25-2-2021, namely:—*

*Extraordinary dated 3-3-2021 Notification No. 2/58/2015/HSG from pages 2035 to 2048 regarding Goa Housing Board (Regulation, Allotment and Sale of Plots (First Amendment) Rules, 2021 from Department of Housing.*

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## GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Department of Civil Supplies and  
Consumer Affairs

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### Order

DCS/S/FSL/2020-21/395

In pursuance of clause 3 of the Order No. G.S.R. 929(E) dated 29th September, 2016 namely the Removal of Licensing Requirement, Stock Limits and Movement Restriction on Specified Foodstuff Order, 2016, issued by the Government of India, Ministry

of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution (Department of Consumer Affairs), the Order namely the Goa, Daman and Diu Foodstuff Dealers Licensing Order, 1979 is hereby repealed with immediate effect, except in respect of things done or omitted to be under the said order.

By order and in the name of Governor of  
Goa.

*Siddhivinayak S. Naik*, Director, Civil Supplies and Consumer Affairs & ex officio Joint Secretary.

Panaji, 2nd March, 2021.

**Department of Co-operation**  
Office of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies

— — —  
**Notification**

15-17-2010/ADT/RCS/3871

In exercise of the powers vested in me under section 74(5) of the Goa Co-op. Societies Act, 2001 read with the Rule 114 (1) (a) of the Goa Co-operative Societies Rules, 2003 and with prior approval of the Government, I, Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Government of Goa hereby fix Audit fees payable to the Government as per the scale of audit fees appended herewith for undertaking scrutiny of audit/inspection reports, filing of returns, constitution of Panel of Auditors and providing such other allied functions prescribed under the Act. The above scale of audit fees is applicable from the Co-operative year 2019-2020.

This issued with the approval of Finance Department, Government of Goa.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

*Arvind B. Khutkar*, Registrar of Co-op. Societies & ex officio Joint Secretary.

Panaji, 18th February, 2021.

INDEX FOR ASSESSING AUDIT FEES FOR VARIOUS TYPES OF SOCIETIES

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  - (c) 1. Self Help Groups/Co-operatives
  - (c) 1. Societies under Liquidation

## 1. STATE CO-OPERATIVE BANKS

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
1			
State Co-op. Bank	Working Capital basis	1. For the first ₹ 10 lakhs of working capital	450/-
		2. For the next ₹ 40 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 50 lakhs	750/-
		3. For the next ₹ 50 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 1 Crore	1050/-
		4. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 1 Crore	18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum in case of Head Office			9,000/-
Maximum in case of Head Office			18,000/-
Minimum in case of every branch			3,000/-
Maximum in case of every branch			7,500/-
Overall fees shall not exceed			1,20,000/-

For every branch of the Bank separate audit fees shall be charged as per scale applicable to the Head office of the State Coop. Bank and other financing agencies. While charging the audit fees to the Head office working capital of the branches shall be deducted from the working capital of Head Office.

## 2. RESOURCE SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
2(a)			
Urban Coop. Credit Societies	Working Capital basis	1. For working capital upto ₹ 1 lakhs	180/-
		2. For next ₹ 9 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 10 lakhs	450/-
		3. For next ₹ 10 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 20 lakhs	900/-
		4. For next ₹ 30 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 50 lakhs	1,500/-
		5. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 50 lakhs	18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum in case of Head Office			1,500/-

Maximum in case of Head Office	9,000/-
Minimum in case of every branch	1,500/-
Maximum in case of every branch	3,900/-
Overall fees shall not exceed	99,000/-
Minimum in case having no branches	1,500/-
Maximum in case having no branches	12,000/-

For every branch of the society separate audit fees shall be charged as per the scales laid down subject to the maximum and minimum ceiling indicated above. While assessing the audit fees of the Head Office, the working capital of the branches shall be deducted. Similarly while assessing the audit fees against the branches, the working capital of the Head Office would be deducted.

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
2(b)			
Employees/ Salary Earners Co-operative Credit Societies	Working Capital basis	1. For working capital upto ₹ 1 lakh 2. For next ₹ 9.00 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 10 lakhs 3. For next ₹ 10.00 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 20 lakhs 4. For next ₹ 30 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 50 lakhs 5. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 50 lakhs	300/- 600/- 900/- 1,500/- 18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			1,500/-
Maximum			15,000/-

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
2(c)			
Housing Co-operative Federation having Credit Business and Thrift Co-operative Societies/ /Association having credit business	Working Capital basis	1. For working capital upto ₹ 1 lakh 2. For next ₹ 9.00 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 10 lakhs 3. For next ₹ 10.00 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 20 lakhs 4. For next ₹ 30 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 50 lakhs 5. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 50 lakhs	450/- 750/- 1,050/- 1,500/- 18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			1,500/-
Maximum			15,000/-

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
2(d)			
Service Resource having credit counter/ Multipurpose Societies having Credit counter	Working Capital basis	1. For working capital upto ₹ 1 lakh 2. For next ₹ 9.00 lakhs of working capital but not exceeding ₹ 10 lakhs 3. For next ₹ 10.00 lakhs of working	450/- 750/- 1,050/-

capital but not exceeding ₹ 20 lakhs	
4. For next ₹ 30 lakhs of but not exceeding ₹ 50 lakhs	1,500/-
5. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 50 lakhs	18/-

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum in case of Head Office	3,000/-
Maximum in case of Head Office	4,500/-
Minimum in case of every branch	2,100/-
Maximum in case of every branch	2,400/-
Overall fees shall not exceed	45,000/-
Minimum in case having no branches	3,000/-
Maximum in case having no branches	6,000/-

For every branch of the society undertaking credit counter shall be charged separate audit fees as per the scales laid down subject to the maximum and minimum ceiling indicated above. While assessing the audit fees of the Head Office, the working capital of the branches shall be deducted. Similarly while assessing the audit fees against the branches, the working capital of the Head Office would be deducted.

*Note :* While calculating the working capital, the funds utilised for undertaking other business activities of V.K.S.S./Multipurpose societies shall be separated and assessed in the scale prescribed under 3(a).

## 3. AGRICULTURAL SERVICE CO-OP. SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
3(a)			
Service/V.K.S.S. Co-op. Societies and Multipurpose Co-op. Societies	Turnover basis (Sales)	1. For first ₹ 1.00 lakh 2. For next ₹ 4 lakhs up to ₹ 5.00 lakhs 3. For next ₹ 25 lakhs 4. For next ₹ 70 lakhs 5. For next ₹ 2 crore 6. For every ₹ 1 crore exceeding ₹ 3 crore	300/- 450/- 750/- 1,800/- 3,600/- 900/-

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum in case of Head Office	1,500/-
Maximum in case of Head Office	3,000/-
Minimum in case of every branch	900/-
Maximum in case of every branch	2,250/-
Overall fees shall not exceed	9,000/-
Minimum in case having no branches	3,600/-
Maximum in case having no branches	7,500/-

Every branch shall be charged separate audit fees as per scale laid down subject to the minimum and maximum ceiling indicated above, while charging the audit fees to the Head Office the turnover of the branches shall be deducted for the purpose of levying audit fees. Turnover means a sales only.

## 4. CONSUMER CO-OP. SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
4(a)			
Consumer Co-op. Societies and	Turnover basis (Sales)	1. For first ₹ 1.00 lakh 2. For next ₹ 4 lakhs up to ₹ 5.00 lakhs 3. For next ₹ 25 lakhs	300/- 450/- 750/-

Marketing	4. For next ₹ 70 lakhs	1,800/-
Societies/ Federation	5. For next ₹ 2 crores	3,600/-
other than Agricultural Marketing	6. For every ₹ 1 crore exceeding ₹ 3.00 crores	900/-

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum in case of Head Office	4,500/-
Maximum in case of Head Office	9,000/-
Minimum in case of every branch	3,000/-
Maximum in case of every branch	7,500/-
Overall fees shall not exceed	9,000/-
Minimum in case having no branches	4,500/-
Maximum in case having no branches	12,000/-

Every branch shall be charged separate audit fees as per scale laid down subject to the minimum and maximum ceiling indicated above, while charging the audit fees to the Head Office the turnover of the branches shall be deducted for the purpose of levying audit fees. Turnover means a sales only.

## 5. CO-OPERATIVE BANKS

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
5(a)			
Urban Co-op. Bank	Working Capital basis	1. For working capital upto ₹ 25.00 lakhs	750/-
		2. For next ₹ 25.00 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 50.00 lakhs	1,050/-
		3. For next ₹ 50.00 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 1.00 crore	1,500/-
		4. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 1.00 crore	18/-

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum in case of Head Office	3,000/-
Maximum in case of Head Office	9,000/-
Minimum in case of every branch	1,500/-
Maximum in case of every branch	7,500/-
Overall fees shall not exceed	1,20,000/-

For every branch of the Bank separate audit fees shall be charged as per the scale laid down subject to the maximum and minimum ceiling indicated above. While assessing the audit fees to the Head Office working capital of the branches shall be deducted. Similarly while assessing the audit fees against the branches, the working capital of the Head Office would be deducted.

## 6. CO-OPERATIVE FARMING SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
6(a)			
Dairy Co-operatives	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover	150/-
		2. For the next ₹ 2 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 3 lakhs	195/-
		3. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 3 lakhs of turnover	30/-



*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum	1,500/-
Maximum	10,500/-

*NOTE:-* Meaning of the Turnover.

Turnover means the aggregate of the totals on receipt and disbursement side minus the aggregate of the opening and closing cash balance and withdrawals from deposits into current and saving accounts of the bank as shown therein as on 31st March of each preceding year. Deposits and withdrawals from pledge, hypothecation and other cash credit accounts shall be included in the figure of turnover.

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
6(b)			
Poultry	Turnover	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover	75/-
Co-operatives	basis	2. For the next ₹ 4 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 5 lakhs	195/-
and		3. For the next ₹ 5 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 10 lakhs	228/-
Farming		4. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 10 lakhs of turnover	18/-
Co-operatives			

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum	1,500/-
Maximum	4,500/-

In levying audit fees on the turnover (sales) the working capital of such societies employed in its supplying business as on the last day of the Co-op. year should be deducted from the total working capital and the society is liable to pay audit fees as per existing orders.

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
6(c)			
Fisheries	Turnover	1. For first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover	90/-
Co-operatives	basis	2. For the next ₹ 2 lakhs of turnover but not exceeding ₹ 3 lakhs	120/-
	(Sales)	3. For the next ₹ 2 lakhs of turnover but not exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs	105/-
		4. For the next ₹ 5 lakhs of turnover but not exceeding ₹ 10 lakhs	120/-
		5. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 10 lakhs of turnover	10.50/-

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum in case of Head Office	3,000/-
Maximum in case of Head Office	7,500/-
Minimum in case of every branch	1,500/-
Maximum in case of every branch	4,500/-
Overall fees shall not exceed	45,000/-

While charging the audit fees to the Head Office the turnover of the branches shall be deducted. If purchases and sales of fisheries co-op. societies are doing other business separate audit fees shall be charged on such other business at the rate of ₹ 10% on the adat or commission earned on such business.

If such societies are doing the business of giving on hire, machinery, tools, trucks, implements, building etc. additional audit fees shall be charged at the rate of ₹ 6% of the hire charges earned on such hire. Turnover is taken to mean "sales" only excluding sales in case other business.

## 7. CO-OP. HOUSING SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees
7		Payable to Government (in ₹)
Housing Societies	No. of member basis	₹ 15 per member
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>		
Minimum		₹ 900/-
Maximum		₹ 4,500/-

## 8. PROCESSING SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	
8(a)		Payable to Government (in ₹)	
FERTILISER SECTION			
Sugar factory	Turnover basis	1. For first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover	90/-
		2. For the next ₹ 4 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 5 lakhs	105/-
		3. For the next ₹ 5 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 10 lakhs	150/-
		4. For every ₹ 1 lakh of turnover exceeding ₹ 10 lakhs	15/-
Subject to following conditions:			
Minimum		3,000/-	
Maximum		4,500/-	
In addition to above			
Factories under crushing per sugar bag of 100 kg (50 X 2)		7.5 paise	
Factories under construction are charged ₹ 10,000/- only.		3,000/-	
Factories not licensed for crushing and stagnant should not be levied.			
Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	
8(b)		Payable to Government (in ₹)	
Processing	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover	75/-
		2. For the next ₹ 4 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 5 lakhs	195/-
		3. For the next ₹ 5 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 10 lakhs	228/-
		4. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 10 lakhs of turnover	18/-
Subject to following conditions:			
Minimum		1,500/-	
Maximum		4,500/-	



In levying such separate audit fees on the turnover (sales) the working capital of such societies employed in its supplying business as on the last day of the Co-operative year should be deducted from the total working capital and the society is liable to pay audit fees as per existing orders.

## 9. PRODUCERS SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
9(a)			
Industrial Co-op. Societies (Non agricultural non credit societies (except Industrial Association and Consumers Societies)	Working capital basis	1. For the first ₹ 1,00,000/- 2. For the next ₹ 4 lakhs but not more than ₹ 5 lakhs 3. For every ₹ 1 lakh exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs	120/- 60/- 22.50/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			1,500/-
Maximum			4,500/-

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
9(b)			
Labour Co-op. Societies	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover 2. For the next ₹ 4 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 5 lakhs 3. For the next ₹ 5 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 10 lakhs 4. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 10 lakhs of turnover	75/- 195/- 228/- 18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			1,500/-
Maximum			4,500/-

In levying such separate audit fees on the turnover (sales) the working capital of such societies employed in its supplying business as on the last day of the Co-op. year should be deducted from the total working capital and the society is liable to pay audit fees as per existing orders.

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
9(c)			
Other Producer Co-operative Societies	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover 2. For the next ₹ 2 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 3 lakhs 3. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 3 lakhs of turnover	450/- 750/- 18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			1,500/-
Maximum			10,500/-

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
9(d)			
Milk Producers/ Union	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover 2. For the next ₹ 2 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 3 lakhs 3. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 3 lakhs of turnover	450/- 600/- 18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			3,000/-
Maximum			90,000/-

## 10. LIFT IRRIGATION SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
10(a)			
Water Distribution Societies (Panivantap)	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover 2. For the next ₹ 2 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 3 lakhs 3. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 3 lakhs of turnover	60/- 75/- 13.50/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			600/-
Maximum			6,600/-

**NOTE:-** Meaning of the Turnover.

Turnover means the aggregate of the totals on receipt and disbursement side minus the aggregate of the opening and closing cash balance and withdrawals from deposits into current and saving accounts of the bank as shown therein as on 31st March of each preceding year. Deposits and withdrawals from pledge, hypothecation and other cash credit accounts shall be included in the figure of turnover.

## 11. GENERAL CO-OP. SOCIETIES

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
11(a)			
Transport Co-op. Societies and Other General Societies (Not falling in either of the above sub-classes)	Turnover basis	1. For the first ₹ 1 lakh of turnover 2. For the next ₹ 4 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 5 lakhs 3. For the next ₹ 5 lakhs of turnover but not more than ₹ 10 lakhs 4. For every ₹ 1 lakh over ₹ 10 lakhs of turnover	75/- 195/- 228/- 18/-
<i>Subject to following conditions:</i>			
Minimum			1,500/-
Maximum			4,500/-

In levying audit fees on the turnover (sales) the working capital of such societies employed in its supplying business as on the last day of the Coop. year should be deducted from the total working capital and the society is liable to pay audit fees as per existing orders.

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
11(b)			
Co-operative Union/ Training Institutions	Working Capital basis	1. For working capital upto ₹ 25.00 lakhs 2. For next ₹ 25.00 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 50.00 lakhs 3. For next ₹ 50.00 lakhs but not exceeding ₹ 1.00 crore 4. For every ₹ 1 lakh after ₹ 1.00 crore	600/- 900/- 1200/- 18/-

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum	3000/-
Maximum	4,500/-

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
11(c)			
Self Help Groups/ Co-operatives	Number of members	₹ 15 per member	

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum	₹ 300/-
Maximum	₹ 1,500/-

Type of society	Basis of audit fees	Scale of audit fees	Payable to Government (in ₹)
11(d)			
Coop. Societies in liquidation	Turnover	All the societies which are in liquidation as at the end of co-op. year except those societies which have already paid the audit fees for particular year before the winding up orders was passed shall be assessed at the rate of 13 paise % on the turnover for the close of the co-op. year.	

*Subject to following conditions:*

Minimum	₹ 150/-
Maximum	₹ 3,200/-

*Note:-* Meaning of turnover

The turnover in case of societies in liquidation shall be the total of the receipts and payments of accounts as on the last day of the proceeding co-op. year minus the total opening balance and closing balance, withdrawal from the Bank and deposits into the Bank where the liquidation proceedings are completed and the accounts of the societies are finally written up with a view to cancellation of its registration. The audit fee shall be levied on the basis of turnover with the meaning of turnover as under:—

The closing entries which are required to be passed in respect of several items of unreliable accounts unpayable liabilities against the profits and loss account while arriving at turnover of the society for the purpose of levy of audit fees.

## Department of Fisheries

Directorate of Fisheries

**Order**DF/GB/FISH BUYING AGENTS/  
/2020-21/1414

Administrative approval of Government is hereby accorded to permit and register the individual fishermen to transport their fish catch within the State or outside the State. The details of fees are as follows:

Sr. No.	Type of vessel as per VRC (Trawler/Purse-seiner)	Fees per vessel per season
1.	<15 mtrs.: Trawler/Purse-seiner Fishing Vessel	Rs. 2,000/-
2.	15 to 18 mtrs.- Trawler Fishing Vessel	Rs. 3,000/-
3.	15 to 18 mtrs.- Purse-seiner/Trawler-cum-Purse-seiner Fishing Vessel	Rs. 5,000/-
4.	18-20 mtrs.: Trawler/Purse-seiner Fishing Vessel	Rs. 8,000/-
5.	>20 mtrs.: Trawler/Purse-seiner Fishing Vessel	Rs. 10,000/-
6.	Canoe Owner/Ramponkar	Rs. 1,000/-

This is issued with the approval of the Government vide inward No. 178 dated 24-06-2020.

By order and in the name of Governor of Goa.

Dr. *Shamila Monteiro*, Director & ex officio Joint Secretary (Fisheries).

Panaji, 1st July, 2020.



## Department of Law

Legal Affairs Division

**Notification**

10/4/2019-LA

The Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019 (Central Act No. 40 of 2019), which has been passed by Parliament

and assented to by the President on 05-12-2019 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1 dated 05-12-2019, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

*D. S. Raut Dessai*, Joint Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 21st May, 2020.

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THE TRANSGENDER PERSONS  
(PROTECTION OF RIGHTS)  
ACT, 2019

AN

ACT

*to provide for protection of rights of transgender persons and their welfare and for matters connected therewith and incidental thereto.*

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Seventieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

## CHAPTER I

## Preliminary

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—

(1) This Act may be called the Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. *Definitions.*— In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) "appropriate Government" means,—

(i) in relation to the Central Government or any establishment, wholly or substantially financed by that Government, the Central Government;

(ii) in relation to a State Government or any establishment, wholly or substantially financed by that Government, or any local authority, the State Government;

(b) "establishment" means—

(i) any body or authority established by or under a Central Act or a State Act or an authority or a body owned or controlled or aided by the Government or a local authority, or a Government company as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013, 18 of 2013, and includes a Department of the Government; or

(ii) any company or body corporate or association or body of individuals, firm, co-operative or other society, association, trust, agency, institution;

(c) "family" means a group of people related by blood or marriage or by adoption made in accordance with law;

(d) "inclusive education" means a system of education wherein transgender students learn together with other students without fear of discrimination, neglect, harassment or intimidation and the system of teaching and learning is suitably adapted to meet the learning needs of such students;

(e) "institution" means an institution, whether public or private, for the reception, care, protection, education, training or any other service of transgender persons;

(f) "local authority" means the municipal corporation or Municipality or Panchayat or any other local body constituted under any law for the time being in force for providing municipal services or basic services, as the case may be, in respect of areas under its jurisdiction;

(g) "National Council" means the National Council for Transgender Persons established under section 16;

(h) "notification" means a notification published in the Official Gazette;

(i) "person with intersex variations" means a person who at birth shows variation in his or her primary sexual characteristics, external genitalia, chromosomes or hormones from normative standard of male or female body;

(j) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the appropriate Government under this Act; and

(k) "transgender person" means a person whose gender does not match with the gender assigned to that person at birth and includes trans-man or trans-woman (whether or not such person has undergone Sex Reassignment Surgery or hormone therapy or laser therapy or such other therapy), person with intersex variations, genderqueer and person having such socio-cultural identities as *kinner*, *hijra*, *aravani* and *jogta*.

## CHAPTER II

### Prohibition Against Discrimination

3. *Prohibition against discrimination.*— No person or establishment shall discriminate against a transgender person on any of the following grounds, namely:—

(a) the denial, or discontinuation of, or unfair treatment in, educational establishments and services thereof;

(b) the unfair treatment in, or in relation to, employment or occupation;

(c) the denial of, or termination from, employment or occupation;

(d) the denial or discontinuation of, or unfair treatment in, healthcare services;

(e) the denial or discontinuation of, or unfair treatment with regard to, access to, or provision or enjoyment or use of any goods, accommodation, service, facility, benefit, privilege or opportunity dedicated to the use of the general public or customarily available to the public;

(j) the denial or discontinuation of, or unfair treatment with regard to the right of movement;

(g) the denial or discontinuation of, or unfair treatment with regard to the right to reside, purchase, rent, or otherwise occupy any property;

(h) the denial or discontinuation of, or unfair treatment in, the opportunity to stand for or hold public or private office; and

(i) the denial of access to, removal from, or unfair treatment in, Government or private establishment in whose care or custody a transgender person maybe.

### CHAPTER III

#### Recognition of Identity of Transgender Persons

4. *Recognition of identity of transgender person.*— (1) A transgender person shall have a right to be recognised as such, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

(2) A person recognised as transgender under sub-section (1) shall have a right to self-perceived gender identity.

5. *Application for certificate of identity.*— A transgender person may make an application to the District Magistrate for issuing a certificate of identity as a transgender person, in such form and manner, and accompanied with such documents, as may be prescribed:

Provided that in the case of a minor child, such application shall be made by a parent or guardian of such child.

6. *Issue of certificate of identity.*— (1) The District Magistrate shall issue to the applicant under section 5, a certificate of identity as transgender person after following such procedure and in such form and manner, within such time, as may be prescribed indicating the gender of such person as transgender.

(2) The gender of transgender person shall be recorded in all official documents in accordance with certificate issued under sub-section (1).

(3) A certificate issued to a person under sub-section (1) shall confer rights and be a proof of recognition of his identity as a transgender person.

7. *Change in gender.*— (1) After the issue of a certificate under sub-section (1) of section 6, if a transgender person undergoes surgery to change gender either as a male or female, such person may make an application, along with a certificate issued to that effect by the Medical Superintendent or Chief Medical Officer of the medical institution in which that person has undergone surgery, to the District Magistrate for revised certificate, in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

(2) The District Magistrate shall, on receipt of an application along with the certificate issued by the Medical Superintendent or Chief Medical Officer, and on being satisfied with the correctness of such certificate, issue a certificate indicating change in gender in such form and manner and within such time, as may be prescribed.

(3) The person who has been issued a certificate of identity under section 6 or a revised certificate under sub-section (2) shall be entitled to change the first name in the birth certificate and all other official documents relating to the identity of such person:

Provided that such change in gender and the issue of revised certificate under sub-section (2) shall not affect the rights and entitlements of such person under this Act.

### CHAPTER IV

#### Welfare measures by Government

8. *Obligation of appropriate Government.*— (1) The appropriate Government shall take steps to secure full and effective participation of transgender persons and their inclusion in society.

(2) The appropriate Government shall take such welfare measures as may be prescribed to protect the rights and interests



of transgender persons, and facilitate their access to welfare schemes framed by that Government.

(3) The appropriate Government shall formulate welfare schemes and programmes which are transgender sensitive, non-stigmatising and non-discriminatory.

(4) The appropriate Government shall take steps for the rescue, protection and rehabilitation of transgender persons to address the needs of such persons.

(5) The appropriate Government shall take appropriate measures to promote and protect the right of transgender persons to participate in cultural and recreational activities.

#### CHAPTER V

##### Obligation of Establishments and other Persons

9. *Non-discrimination in employment.*— No establishment shall discriminate against any transgender person in any matter relating to employment including, but not limited to, recruitment, promotion and other related issues.

10. *Obligations of establishments.*— Every establishment shall ensure compliance with the provisions of this Act and provide such facilities to transgender persons as may be prescribed.

11. *Grievance redressal mechanism.*— Every establishment shall designate a person to be a complaint officer to deal with the complaints relating to violation of the provisions of this Act.

12. *Right of residence.*— (1) No child shall be separated from parents or immediate family on the ground of being a transgender, except on an order of a competent court, in the interest of such child.

(2) Every transgender person shall have—

(a) a right to reside in the household where parent or immediate family members reside;

(b) a right not to be excluded from such household or any part thereof; and

(c) a right to enjoy and use the facilities of such household in a non-discriminatory manner.

(3) Where any parent or a member of his immediate family is unable to take care of a transgender, the competent court shall by an order direct such person to be placed in rehabilitation centre.

#### CHAPTER VI

##### Education, Social Security and Health of Transgender Persons

13. *Obligation of educational institutions to provide inclusive education to transgender persons.*— Every educational institution funded or recognised by the appropriate Government shall provide inclusive education and opportunities for sports, recreation and leisure activities to transgender persons without discrimination on an equal basis with others.

14. *Vocational training and self-employment.*— The appropriate Government shall formulate welfare schemes and programmes to facilitate and support livelihood for transgender persons including their vocational training and self-employment.

15. *Healthcare facilities.*— The appropriate Government shall take the following measures in relation to transgender persons, namely:—

(a) to set up separate human immunodeficiency virus Sero-surveillance Centres to conduct sero-surveillance for such persons in accordance with the guidelines issued by the National AIDS Control Organisation in this behalf;

(b) to provide for medical care facility including sex reassignment surgery and hormonal therapy;

(c) before and after sex reassignment surgery and hormonal therapy counselling;

(d) bring out a Health Manual related to sex reassignment surgery in accordance with the World Profession Association for Transgender Health guidelines;

(e) review of medical curriculum and research for doctors to address their specific health issues;

(f) to facilitate access to transgender persons in hospitals and other healthcare institutions and centres;

(g) provision for coverage of medical expenses by a comprehensive insurance scheme for Sex Reassignment Surgery, hormonal therapy, laser therapy or any other health issues of transgender persons.

## CHAPTER VII

### National Council for Transgender Persons

16. *National Council for Transgender Persons.*— (1) The Central Government shall by notification constitute a National Council for Transgender Persons to exercise the powers conferred on, and to perform the functions assigned to it, under this Act.

(2) The National Council shall consist of—

(a) the Union Minister in-charge of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Chairperson, *ex officio*;

(b) the Minister of State, in-charge of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment in the Government, Vice-Chairperson, *ex officio*;

(c) Secretary to the Government of India in-charge of the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Member, *ex officio*;

(d) one representative each from the Ministries of Health and Family Welfare, Home Affairs, Housing and Urban Affairs, Minority Affairs, Human Resources Development, Rural Development, Labour and Employment and Departments of Legal Affairs, Pensions and Pensioners Welfare and National Institute for Transforming India Aayog, not below the rank of Joint

Secretaries to the Government of India, Members, *ex officio*;

(e) one representative each from the National Human Rights Commission and National Commission for Women, not below the rank of Joint Secretaries to the Government of India, Members, *ex officio*;

(f) representatives of the State Governments and Union territories by rotation, one each from the North, South, East, West and North-East regions, to be nominated by the Central Government, Members, *ex officio*;

(g) five representatives of transgender community, by rotation, from the State Governments and Union territories, one each from the North, South, East, West and North-East regions, to be nominated by the Central Government, Members;

(h) five experts, to represent non-governmental organisations or associations, working for the welfare of transgender persons, to be nominated by the Central Government, Members; and

(i) Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment dealing with the welfare of the transgender persons, Member Secretary, *ex officio*.

(3) A Member of National Council, other than *ex officio* member, shall hold office for a term of three years from the date of his nomination.

17. *Functions of Council.*— The National Council shall perform the following functions, namely:—

(a) to advise the Central Government on the formulation of policies, programmes, legislation and projects with respect to transgender persons;

(b) to monitor and evaluate the impact of policies and programmes designed for achieving equality and full participation of transgender persons;

(c) to review and co-ordinate the activities of all the departments of Government and other Governmental and non-Governmental Organisations which are dealing with matters relating to transgender persons;

(d) to redress the grievances of transgender persons; and

(e) to perform such other functions as may be prescribed by the Central Government.

## CHAPTER VIII

### Offences and Penalties

18. *Offences and penalties.*— Whoever,—

(a) compels or entices a transgender person to indulge in the act of forced or bonded labour other than any compulsory service for public purposes imposed by Government;

(b) denies a transgender person the right of passage to a public place or obstructs such person from using or having access to a public place to which other members have access to or a right to use;

(c) forces or causes a transgender person to leave household, village or other place of residence; and

(d) harms or injures or endangers the life, safety, health or well-being, whether mental or physical, of a transgender person or tends to do acts including causing physical abuse, sexual abuse, verbal and emotional abuse and economic abuse,

shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to two years and with fine.

## CHAPTER IX

### Miscellaneous

19. *Grants by Central Government.*— The Central Government shall, from time to time, after due appropriation made by Parliament

by law in this behalf, credit such sums to the National Council as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

20. *Act not in derogation of any other law.*— The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other law for the time being in force.

21. *Protection of action taken in good faith.*— No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against the appropriate Government or any local authority or any officer of the Government in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of the provisions of this Act and any rules made thereunder.

22. *Power of appropriate Government to make rules.*— (1) The appropriate Government may, subject to the condition of previous publication, by notification, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—

(a) the form and manner in which an application shall be made under section 5;

(b) the procedure, form and manner and the period within which a certificate of identity is issued under sub-section (1) of section 6;

(c) the form and manner in which an application shall be made under sub-section (1) of section 7;

(d) the form, period and manner for issuing revised certificate under sub-section (2) of section 7;

(e) welfare measures to be provided under sub-section (2) of section 8;

(f) facilities to be provided under section 10;

(g) other functions of the National Council under clause (e) of section 17; and

(h) any other matter which is required to be or may be prescribed.

(3) Every rule made by the Central Government under sub-section (1), shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

(4) Every rule made by the State Government under sub-section (1), shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of the State Legislature where it consists of two Houses, or where such legislature consists of one House, before that House.

23. *Power to remove difficulties.*— (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of the period of two years from the date of commencement of this Act.

(2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament.

## Notification

10/4/2019-LA

The Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 2019 (Central Act No. 51 of 2019), which has been passed by Parliament and assented to by the President on 19-12-2019 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1 dated 20-12-2019, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

*D. S. Raut Dessai*, Joint Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 21st May, 2020.

## THE APPROPRIATION (No. 3) ACT, 2019

AN

ACT

*to authorise payment and appropriation of certain further sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 2019-20.*

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Seventieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. *Short title.*— This Act may be called the Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 2019.

2. *Issue of Rs. 21246,16,00,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the financial year 2019-20.*— From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of twenty-one thousand two hundred forty-six crore and sixteen lakh rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 2019-20 in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. *Appropriation.*— The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the

Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE  
(See sections 2 and 3)

1	2	3		
		Sums not exceeding		
No. of vote	Services and purposes	Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers' Welfare	Revenue 5,00,000	...	5,00,000
2	Department of Agricultural Research and Education	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
3	Atomic Energy	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
		Capital 3,00,000	...	3,00,000
4	Ministry of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy (AYUSH)	Revenue 2,00,000	...	2,00,000
7	Department of Pharmaceuticals	Capital 160,00,00,000	...	160,00,00,000
8	Ministry of Civil Aviation	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
10	Department of Commerce	Revenue 218,03,00,000	2,00,000	218,05,00,000
		Capital 65,00,00,000	...	65,00,00,000
11	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade	Revenue 400,50,00,000	...	400,50,00,000
		Capital 165,00,00,000	...	165,00,00,000
14	Department of Consumer Affairs	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
15	Department of Food and Public Distribution	Revenue 1,00,000	1,00,000	2,00,000
		Capital 2,00,000	...	2,00,000
16	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	Revenue 12,85,00,000	...	12,85,00,000
17	Ministry of Culture	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
		Capital 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
19	Defence Services (Revenue)	Revenue 2000,00,00,000	...	2000,00,00,000
20	Capital Outlay on Defence Services	Capital 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
22	Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region	Revenue 24,08,00,000	...	24,08,00,000
		Capital 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
23	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Capital 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
24	Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology	Revenue 2,00,000	...	2,00,000
25	Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change	Revenue 3,00,000	...	3,00,000
	Capital 2,00,000	...	29,00,000	31,00,000
26	Ministry of External Affairs	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
		Capital 1,00,000	...	1,00,000
27	Department of Economic Affairs	Revenue 13,69,00,000	...	13,69,00,000
		Capital 33,97,00,000	...	33,97,00,000
29	Department of Financial Services	Capital 2500,00,00,000	...	2500,00,00,000
32	Direct Taxes	Capital 2,00,000	...	2,00,000
33	Indirect Taxes	Capital 2,00,000	...	2,00,000
34	Indian Audit and Accounts Department	Revenue 27,39,00,000	...	27,39,00,000
38	Transfers to States	Revenue 1,00,000	1000,00,00,000	1000,01,00,000
40	Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying	Revenue 2,00,000	2,00,000	...
	2,00,000			
41	Ministry of Food Processing Industries	Revenue 1,00,000	...	1,00,000

1	2	3		
42	Department of Health and Family Welfare	Revenue	7,00,000	7,00,000
		Capital	2,00,000	2,00,000
43	Department of Health Research	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
44	Department of Heavy Industry	Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
46	Ministry of Home Affairs	Revenue	8820,64,00,000	8820,64,00,000
47	Cabinet	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
48	Police	Revenue	3387,48,00,000	3387,48,00,000
		Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
49	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Revenue	3,00,000	3,00,000
		Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
50	Chandigarh	Capital	...	60,00,00,000
51	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	Revenue	2,00,000	2,00,000
		Capital	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000
53	Lakshadweep	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
56	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Revenue	2,00,000	9,10,00,000
		Capital	3,00,000	3,00,000
57	Department of School Education and Literacy	Revenue	4,00,000	4,00,000
58	Department of Higher Education	Revenue	3,00,000	3,00,000
60	Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
61	Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation	Revenue	2,00,000	2,00,000
62	Ministry of Labour and Employment	Revenue	3,00,000	3,00,000
		Capital	5,10,00,000	5,10,00,000
64	Election Commission	Capital	6,22,00,000	6,22,00,000
	CHARGED.— <i>Supreme Court of India</i>	Revenue	...	20,58,00,000
68	Ministry of Minority Affairs	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
69	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
		Capital	60,00,00,000	60,00,00,000
71	Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
72	Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions	Capital	2,00,000	2,00,000
74	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas	Revenue	1000,00,00,000	1000,00,00,000
75	Ministry of Planning	Revenue	22,18,00,000	22,18,00,000
79	Rajya Sabha	Revenue	20,00,00,000	20,00,00,000
82	Ministry of Railways	Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
83	Ministry of Road Transport and Highways	Capital	2,00,000	2,00,000
84	Department of Rural Development	Revenue	6,00,000	6,00,000
86	Department of Science and Technology	Revenue	54,00,00,000	54,00,00,000
		Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
89	Ministry of Shipping	Revenue	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000
		Capital	22,87,00,000	22,87,00,000
90	Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship	Revenue	2,00,000	2,00,000
		Capital	50,01,00,000	50,01,00,000
91	Department of Social Justice and Empowerment	Revenue	3,00,000	3,00,000
		Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
93	Department of Space	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
		Capital	666,00,00,000	666,00,00,000
94	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000
96	Ministry of Textiles	Revenue	3,00,000	3,00,000
		Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000
97	Ministry of Tourism	Revenue	1,00,000	1,00,000



1	2	3		
98 Ministry of Tribal Affairs	Revenue	1,00,000	185,00,00,000	185,01,00,000
	Capital	1,00,000	...	1,00,000
99 Ministry of Women and Child Development	Revenue	2,00,000	...	2,00,000
	Capital	5,00,00,000	...	5,00,00,000
100 Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports	Revenue	225,01,00,000	...	225,01,00,000
<b>TOTAL</b>		19971,16,00,000	1275,00,00,000	21246,16,00,000

Law (Establishment) Division  
Goa State Legal Services Authority

### Notification

GSLSA/GOA/Notification/2021

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 29(A) of the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987, and in consultation with the Hon'ble The Chief Justice of Bombay High Court, the Goa State Legal Services Authority is pleased to amend Regulation 22 of the Goa State Legal Services Authority Regulation, 1998, as under:

*Regulation 22.* Honorarium to be paid to the Presiding Officer, the Members of the Lok Adalat and Members of Counseling and Conciliation Centres.

1. The Presiding Officers of the Lok Adalats held at Taluka and District levels shall be entitled to honorarium at flat rate of Rs. 1,000/- per day, irrespective of the decided cases.
2. The Presiding Officer for the Lok Adalats held at High Court level shall be entitled to honorarium at flat rate of Rs. 2,000/- per day, irrespective of decided cases.
3. Every member of panel of Lok Adalats held at Taluka, District and High Court levels shall also be entitled to honorarium at flat rate of Rs. 750/- per sitting, irrespective of decided cases.
4. Every member of Permanent Lok Adalats established at District level shall also be entitled to honorarium at flat rate of Rs. 400/- per sitting, irrespective of decided cases.

5. Every member of Counseling and Conciliation Centre will also be entitled to an honorarium of Rs. 400/- per sitting.

6. Every staff member who are appointed in connection with the conduct of the Lok Adalats held during holidays are entitled for One Day basic salary.

By order and in the name of the Hon'ble  
The Chief Justice, High Court of  
Bombay and Patron-in-Chief of Goa  
State Legal Services Authority.

*Sayonara Telles Laad*, Member Secretary  
(District Judge Cadre), Goa State Legal  
Services Authority.

Panaji, 30th January, 2021.

Department of Public Health

—  
**Order**

22/8/2019-I/PHD/482

Government is pleased to re-designate the analogous posts of Clinical Instructor to "Tutor" as the pay scales of both the posts are same i.e. Rs. 9300-34800+GP Rs. 4200/- in the Institute of Nursing Education under Directorate of Health Services alongwith the duties and responsibilities subject to the condition that the total strength of Tutor does not exceed the requirement of Indian Nursing Council Norms.

This issues with the recommendation of the Administrative Reforms Department vide U.O. No. 568/F dated 20-12-2020 and concurrence of the Finance (Rev. & Cont.)

Department vide U.O. No. 1400067292 dated 22-02-2021.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

*Gautami Parmekar*, Under Secretary (Health).

Porvorim, 1st March, 2021.



Department of Public Works  
Office of the Principal Chief Engineer

—  
**Notification**

8-4/CE-PWD-Accts/2020-21/1984

Whereas the Government introduced "Dues Recovery and Settlement Scheme 2020-21" under Public Works Department for

payment of dues towards water charges from all Domestic & non-Domestic water consumers vide Order No. 8-4/CE-PWD-Accts/2020-21/1554 dated 23-12-2020. The validity for applying under the Scheme was one month from the date of notification in the Official Gazette of Government of Goa.

Now, the Government hereby extends the validity upto 28-02-2021 for applying under the above Scheme.

By order and in the name of Governor of Goa.

*U. P. Parsekar*, Principal Chief Engineer (PWD).

Panaji, 25th February, 2021.

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